HISTORICAL Site Number: 18AG10		Prehistoric Historic Unknown		
Latitude 39.6844 Longitude -78.556 Elevation 277 m Site slope 11-20% Site setting  -Site Setting restricted -Lat/Long accurate to within 1 sq. mile, user may need to make slight adjustments in mapping to account for sites near state/county lines or streams	Physiographic province Ridge and Vall  Ethnobotany profile available Marit  Topography Floodplain High terrace Pri Hilltop/bluff Rockshelter/cave Standard Hillslope Unknown Ridgetop  Ridge and Vall  Ridge a			
Temporal & Ethnic Contextual Data:  Contact period site				
Site Function Contextual Data:    Prehistoric	Historic	Encampment Other structure  Townsite Slave related  Religious Non-domestic agri		
Prehistoric context samples  Soil samples taken N Other samples		Son dampied taken		

	hase II and PI	hase III Arcl	neological	Database and Ir	nventory
HISTORICAL Site	Number: 18AG160	Site Name: Wi	d Turkey		Prehistoric 🗸
		Other name(s)			Historic
Brie	Late/Terminal	Archaic tool manufactur	ing site		Unknown
	cription:		_		
<u> </u>					
Diagnostic Artifact Da	ta:	Prehistoric Sherd Ty	pes	Shepard	Keyser
Projectile Point Types	Koens-Crispin 1	Marcey Creek	Popes Creek	Townsend	Yeocomico
Clovis	Perkiomen	Dames Qtr	Coulbourn	Minguannan	Monongahela
Hardaway-Dalton	Susquehana	Selden Island	Watson	Sullivan Cove	Susquehannock
Palmer	Vernon	Accokeek	Mockley	Shenks Ferry	
Kirk (notch)	Piscataway	Wolfe Neck	Clemson Island	Moyaone	
Kirk (stem)	Calvert	Vinette	Page	Potomac Cr	
Le Croy	Selby Bay	Historic Sherd Types	Ironstone	Staffordshire S	toneware
Morrow Mntn	Jacks Rf (notch)	Earthenware	Jackfield		English Brown
Guilford	Jacks Rf (pent)	Astbury	Mn Mottled	Whiteware	Eng Dry-bodie
Brewerton	Madison/Potomac	Borderware	North Devon		Nottingham
Otter Creek	Levanna	Buckley	Pearlware	Forceiaiii	Rhenish
All quantities exact or estin	nated minimal counts	Creamware	,	\	Nt Salt-glazed
Other Artifact & Featu	re Types:	Prehistoric Features		Lithic Material Fer quartzite	☐ Sil sandstone ☐
Prehistoric Artifacts	Other fired clay	Mound(s)	Storage/trash pit	Jasper	☐ European flint☐
Flaked stone 1646	Human remain(s)	Midden	Burial(s)	Chert Ironstone	Basalt
Ground stone	Modified faunal	Shell midden	Ossuary	Rhyolite  Argilite	Unknown
Stone bowls	Unmod faunal	Postholes/molds	Unknown	Quartz Steatite	Other 🗸
Fire-cracked rock	Oyster shell	House pattern(s)	Other	Quartzite Sandstone	siltstone
Other lithics (all)	Floral material	Palisade(s)		☐ Dated features present at	site
Ceramics (all)	Uncommon Obj.	Hearth(s)			
Rimsherds	Other	Lithic reduc area			
Historic Artifacts	Tobacco related	Historic Features	Privy/outhouse	☐ Depression/mound☐	Unknown
Pottery (all)	Activity item(s)	Const feature	Well/cistern	☐ Burial(s) ☐	Other
Glass (all)	Human remain(s)	Foundation			Other
Architectural	Faunal material	Cellar hole/cellar	Trash pit/dump	Railroad bed	
Furniture	Misc. kitchen		Sheet midden	Earthworks	
Arms	Floral material	Hearth/chimney	Planting feature	Mill raceway	
Clothing	Misc.	Postholes/molds	Road/walkway		
Personal items	Other _	Paling ditch/fence	•	All quantities exact or estin	nated minimal counts
Radiocarbon Data:					
Sample 1: +/-	years BP Reliability <b>San</b>	nple 2: +/-	years BP Reliabi	ility Sample 3: +/-	years BP Reliability
Sample 1:   +/-   +/-   Sample 4: +/-		nple 2: +/- +		ility Sample 3: +/- +/-	years BP Reliability years BP Reliability

+/-

Additional radiocarbon results available

$_{MARYLAND}$ Phase II and	Phase III Archeological Datab	ase and Inventory		
HISTORICAL Site Number: 18AG160	Site Name: Wild Turkey	Prehistoric 🗸		
FIRETING THE	Other name(s)	Historic		
TRUST Description:	minal Archaic tool manufacturing site	Unknown		
External Samples/Data: Collection curated at MAC  Additional raw data may be available online				
Summary Description:	o in the area all of which would be imported by the proposed of			

This site was investigated along with three other sites in the area, all of which would be impacted by the proposed alignments for US-48, the National Freeway (modern US I-68) in Allegany County. It is situated on a narrow, elongated portion of a hilltop overlooking Town Creek Valley 300 m away and is flanked on the north, south, and east by precipitous slopes.

Wild Turkey was tested using systematic posthole test pits on a 10 m interval across the ridgetop, and then a 5 m interval within areas where artifacts had been recovered on the surface. Four spatially discrete clusters of debitage which likely correspond to distinct workshop areas were defined. Site stratigraphy was assessed through excavation of fifteen 1 X 1 m test units.

One diagnostic projectile, a Koens-Crispin point, places the site occupation in the Late/Terminal Archaic. Six additional projectile point fragments were also recovered. The size and workmanship of one of these also points to a Late Archaic/Terminal Archaic date for the site. Eleven very large and crude bifaces were recovered, along with 32 retouched flakes. The rest of the artifact sample consists of debitage, some 1596 pieces of it.

Blood residue analysis on 10 artifacts revealed 2 points (the Koens-Crispin and 1 non-diagnostic) and a biface with possible (weak positive) results for the presence of hemoglobin.

While there are spatially separated components of the site, the site seems top have one primary function: that of lithic workshop. The assemblage is 97% debitage, 82% of which is argillaceous chert. This material probably outcrops nearby and large blocks of it appear to have been reduced to crude bifacial form. The site was revisited periodically to replenish supplies of lithic material for tool manufacturing.

## **External Reference Codes (Library ID Numbers):**

00000078